portable fire extinguishers bearing the marine type label of the Underwriter's Laboratories, Inc., shall be located at or near each dispensing area.

(b) This equipment shall be inspected prior to issuing a letter of compliance. [CGFR 69-53, 34 FR 11265, July 4, 1969, as amended by CGD 95-028, 62 FR 51208, Sept. 30, 1907

§ 105.35-5 Fire pumps.

(a) All vessels shall be provided with a hand operated portable fire pump having a capacity of at least 5 gallons per minute. This fire pump shall be equipped with suction and discharge hose suitable for use in firefighting. This pump may also serve as a bilge pump.

(b) A power-driven fire pump shall be installed on each vessel of more than 65

feet in length overall.

(1) The power fire pump shall be selfpriming and of such size as to discharge an effective stream from a hose connected to the highest outlet.

- (2) The minimum capacity of the power fire pump shall be 50 gallons per minute at a pressure of not less than 60 pounds per square inch at the pump outlet. The pump outlet shall be fitted with a pressure gage.
- (3) The power fire pump may be driven off a propulsion engine or other source of power and shall be connected to the fire main. This pump may also be connected to the bilge system so that it can serve as either a fire pump or a bilge pump.

§105.35-10 Fire main system.

- (a) All vessels required to be provided with a power-driven fire pump shall also be provided with a fire main system including fire main, hydrants, hose, and nozzles.
- (b) Fire hydrants, when required, shall be of sufficient number and so located that any part of the vessel may be reached with an effective stream of water from a single length of hose.
- (c) All piping, valves, and fittings shall be in accordance with good marine practice and suitable for the purpose intended.

§ 105.35-15 Fire hose.

(a) One length of fire hose shall be provided for each fire hydrant required.

- (b) Fire hose may be commercial fire hose or equivalent of not over $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch diameter or garden hose of not less than $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch nominal inside diameter. Hose shall be in one piece not less than $\frac{25}{2}$ feet and not more than $\frac{50}{2}$ feet in length.
- (c) If $1\frac{1}{2}$ inch diameter fire hose is used after January 1, 1980, each length of hose must:
- (1) Be lined commercial fire hose that conforms to Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. Standard 19 or Federal Specification ZZ-H-451E. A hose that bears the label of Underwriters' Laboratories, Inc. as lined fire hose is accepted as conforming to this requirement: and
- (2) Have a combination nozzle approved by the Commandant in accordance with §162.027-6 of this chapter.
- (d) If garden hose is used, it shall be of a good commercial grade constructed of an inner rubber tube, plies of braided cotton reinforcement and an outer rubber cover or of equivalent material, and shall be fitted with a commercial garden hose nozzle of good grade bronze or equivalent metal.
- (e) All fittings on fire hose shall be of brass, copper, or other suitable corrosion resistant metal.
- (f) A length of fire hose shall be attached to each fire hydrant at all times.

[CGFR 69-53, 34 FR 11265, July 4, 1969, as amended by CGD 74-60, 41 FR 43151, Sept. 30,

Subpart 105.45—Special Operating Requirements

§ 105.45-1 Loading or dispensing petroleum products.

- (a) A commercial fishing vessel must have aboard a letter of compliance valid under subpart 105.15 of this part and must be in compliance with the requirements in the letter while dispensing petroleum products. This letter of compliance issued to a vessel will state—
- (1) The number of crewmembers required to hold documents endorsed as tankermen under part 13 of this chapter; and
- (2) For each vessel of 200 gross tons or over, the complement of officers under Title 46 U.S.C. 8304.

§ 105.45-5

(b) Each person in charge of a transfer of liquid cargo in bulk to or from a cargo tank shall hold—

(1) A valid merchant mariner's document endorsed as "Tankerman-PIC" or restricted "Tankerman-PIC" authorizing transfer of the classification of cargo involved; or

(2) A valid license authorizing service as master, mate, pilot, or engineer.

[CGD 79-116, 60 FR 17157, Apr. 4, 1995]

§ 105.45-5 Galley fires.

(a) Galley fires are normally permitted during cargo transfer operations. However, prior to transferring Grade B or C cargoes, the tankerman shall make an inspection to determine whether in his judgment galley fires may be maintained with reasonable safety during the transfer operations.

§ 105.45–10 Smoking.

(a) Smoking is prohibited during and in the vicinity of the transfer operations. At other times the senior officer on duty shall designate when and where the crew may smoke.

§ 105.45-15 Warning signals and signs.

(a) During transfer of cargo while fast to a dock, a red signal (flag by day and electric lantern at night) shall be so placed that it will be visible on all sides. At all other times of transfer a red flag only shall be displayed.

$\S\,105.45\text{--}20$ Warning sign at gangway.

(a) Warning placards shall be kept at hand for display while a vessel is fast to a dock during transfer of cargo, to warn persons approaching the gangway. The placard shall state in letters not less than 2 inches high substantially as follows:

WARNING

No open lights. No smoking. No visitors.

Subpart 105.90—Existing Commercial Fishing Vessels Dispensing Petroleum Products

§ 105.90-1 Existing commercial fishing vessels dispensing petroleum products

- (a) The prohibition in §105.05-2 shall apply to all commercial fishing vessels.
- (b) Existing vessels must meet the following requirements:
- (1) Permanently or temporarily installed tanks or containers used for dispensing in limited quantities petroleum products in bulk, Grades B or lower flammable or combustible liquids, shall meet the applicable requirements in Subparts 105.20 (Tanks and piping systems), 105.25 (Cargo tanks below decks), 105.30 (Electrical). However, these tanks or containers and their associated piping systems in use prior to December 1, 1969, if in satisfactory condition in the opinion of the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection, may be continued in use as long as they are maintained in such satisfactory condition.
- (2) Minor repairs or alterations may be made in permanently or temporarily installed tanks or containers for petroleum products in bulk, which shall be to the satisfaction of the Officer in Charge, Marine Inspection. Major repairs or replacement of such tanks or containers shall be in accordance with requirements governing new installations as set forth in this part.
- (3) All commercial fishing vessels must comply with the applicable requirements in subparts 105.15 (Inspection Required), 105.35 (Fire Extinguishing Equipment), and 105.45 (Special Operating Requirements).

[CGFR 69-53, 34 FR 11265, July 4, 1969, as amended by CGD 75-105, 41 FR 17910, Apr. 29, 1976; CGD 79-116, 62 FR 25136, May 8, 1997]